

## **General Description**

The EC24C32A/EC24C64A provides 32,768/65,536 bits of serial electrically erasable and programmable read-only memory (EEPROM) organized as 4096 /8192 words of 8 bits each. The device is optimized for use in many industrial and commercial applications where low-power and low-voltage operation are essential.

The EC24C32A/EC24C64A is available in space saving PDIP-8,SOP-8,TSSOP-8,MSOP-8 and DFN-8 (only EC24C32A) packages and is accessed via a two-wire serial interface.

## Features

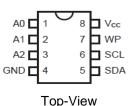
- Wide Voltage Operation
  Vcc = 1.7V to 5.5V
- Operating Ambient Temperature: -40°C to +85°C
- Internally Organized:
  EC24C32A, 4096 X 8 (32K bits)
  EC24C64A, 8192 X 8 (64K bits)
- Two-wire Serial Interface
- Schmitt Trigger, Filtered Inputs for Noise Suppression
- Bidirectional Data Transfer Protocol
- 1 MHz (5V), 400 kHz (1.7V, 2.5V, 2.7V) Compatibility
- Write Protect Pin for Hardware Data Protection
- 32-byte Page (32K, 64K) Write Modes
- Partial Page Writes Allowed
- Self-timed Write Cycle (5 ms max)
- High-reliability
  - Endurance: 1 Million Write Cycles
  - Data Retention: 100 Years
- PDIP-8, SOP-8, TSSOP-8, MSOP-8 and DFN-8 packages

# Pin Configuration

SOP-8	TSSOP-8	DFN-8	MSOP-8	
(EC24C32A/64A)	(EC24C32A/64A)	(only for EC24C32A)	(EC24C32A/64A)	
AD 10 8 Vcc	AD = 10 8 Vcc	Vcc 8 1 A0	AD = 10 8 Vcc	
A1 2 7 WP	A1 = 2 7 WP	WP 7 2 A1	A1 = 2 7 WP	
A2 3 6 SCL	A2 = 3 6 SCL	SCL 8 3 A2	A2 = 3 6 SCL	
GND 4 5 SDA	GND = 4 5 SDA	SDA 5 4 GND	GND = 4 5 SDA	
Top-View	Top-View	Bottom view	Top-View	

Pin Name	Functions
A0 - A2	Address Inputs
SDA	Serial Data
SCL	Serial Clock Input
WP	Write Protect
GND	Ground
Vcc	Power Supply

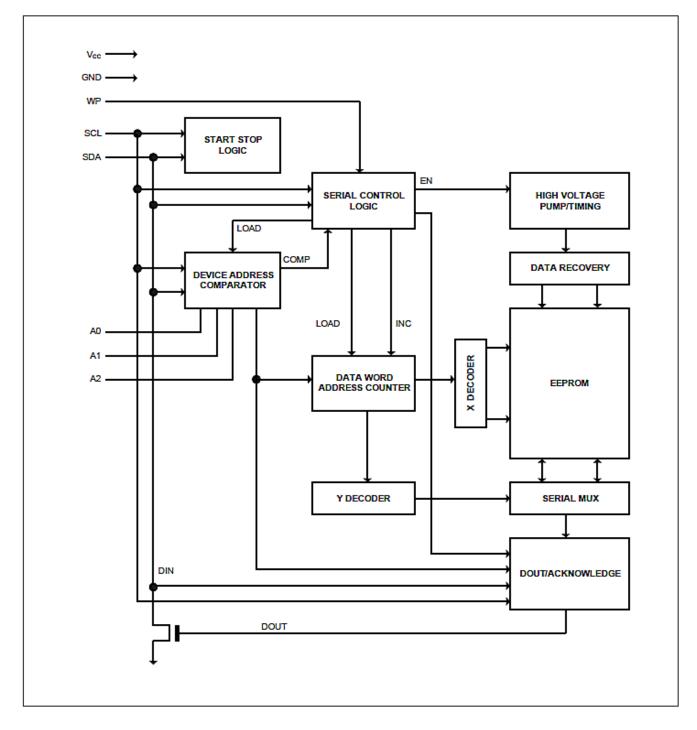




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# **Block Diagram**





### **Pin Descriptions**

**DEVICE/PAGE ADDRESSES (A2, A1 and A0):** The A2, A1 and A0 pins are device address inputs that are hard-wired for the EC24C32A/EC24C64A. Eight 32K/64K devices may be addressed on a single bus system (device addressing is discussed in detail under the Device Addressing section).

**SERIAL DATA (SDA):** The SDA pin is bi-directional for serial data transfer. This pin is open-drain driven and may be wire-ORed with any number of other open-drain or open- collector devices.

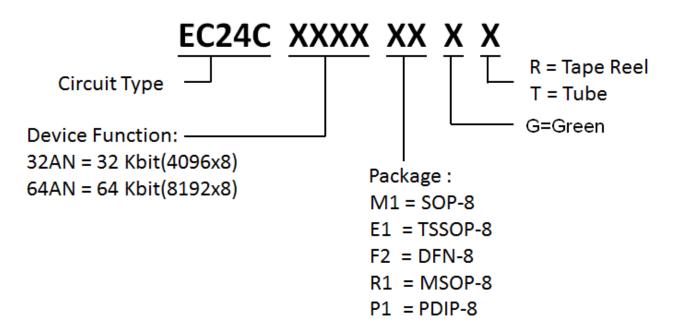
**SERIAL CLOCK (SCL):** The SCL input is used to positive edge clock data into each EEPROM device and negative edge clock data out of each device.

**WRITE PROTECT (WP):** The EC24C32A/EC24C64A has a Write Protect pin that provides hardware data protection. The Write Protect pin allows normal read/write operations when connected to ground (GND). When the Write Protect pin is connected to V<sub>cc</sub>, the write protection feature is enabled and operates as shown in the following Table.

#### Write Protect

WP Pin Status	Part of the Array Protected				
WF PIN Status	EC24C32A EC24C64A				
At Vcc	Full (32K) Array Full (64K) Array				
At GND	Normal Read / Write Operations				

## **Ordering Information**



### Available package types

Part Number	SOP-8	TSSOP-8	DFN-8	MSOP-8	PDIP-8
EC24C32A	V	V	V	V	V
EC24C64A	V	V		V	V

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## **Marking Information**

Package type	Part Number	Marking	Marking Information	
SOP-8	EC24CXXANM1GX			
TSSOP-8	EC24CXXANE1GX	24CXXA LLLLL	XX is the memory of production. LLLLL is the last five numbers of wafer lot number	
MSOP-8	EC24CXXANR1GX		YYWW is Date Code.	YYWW is Date Code. T is tracking Code ,T=X
PDIP-8	EC24CXXANP1GX			
DFN-8	EC24C32ANF2GX	C32A LLLL	LLLL is the last four numbers of wafer lot number	

### Memory Organization

**EC24C32A, 32K SERIAL EEPROM:** Internally organized with 128 pages of 32 bytes each, the 32K requires an 12bit data word address for random word addressing.

**EC24C64A, 64K SERIAL EEPROM:** Internally organized with 256 pages of 32 bytes each, the 64K requires a 13bit data word address for random word address

### **Device Operation**

**CLOCK and DATA TRANSITIONS:** The SDA pin is normally pulled high with an external device. Data on the SDA pin may change only during SCL low time periods (see to Figure 1). Data changes during SCL high periods will indicate a start or stop condition as defined below.

**START CONDITION**: A high-to-low transition of SDA with SCL high is a start condition which must precede any other command (see to Figure 2).

**STOP CONDITION:** A low-to-high transition of SDA with SCL high is a stop condition. After a read sequence, the stop command will place the EEPROM in a standby power mode (see to Figure 2).

**ACKNOWLEDGE:** All addresses and data words are serially transmitted to and from the EEPROM in 8-bit words. The EEPROM sends a "0" to acknowledge that it has received each word. This happens during the ninth clock cycle (see to Figure 3).

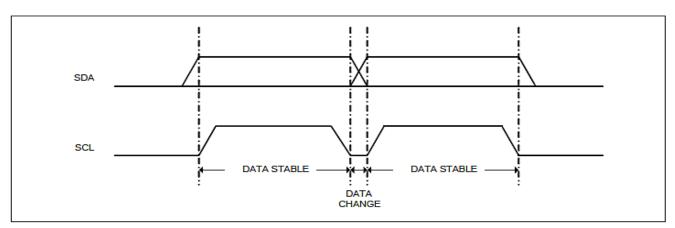
**STANDBY MODE:** The EC24C32A/EC24C64A features a low-power standby mode which is enabled: (a) upon power-up and (b) after the receipt of the STOP bit and the completion of any internal operations

**MEMORY RESET:** After an interruption in protocol, power loss or system reset, any two-wire part can be reset by following these steps:

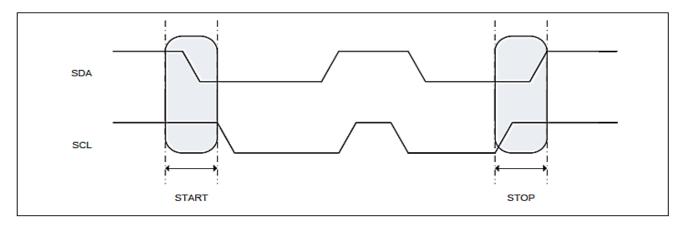
- 1. Clock up to 9 cycles.
- 2. Look for SDA high in each cycle while SCL is high.
- 3. Create a start condition.



## Figure 1: Data Validity

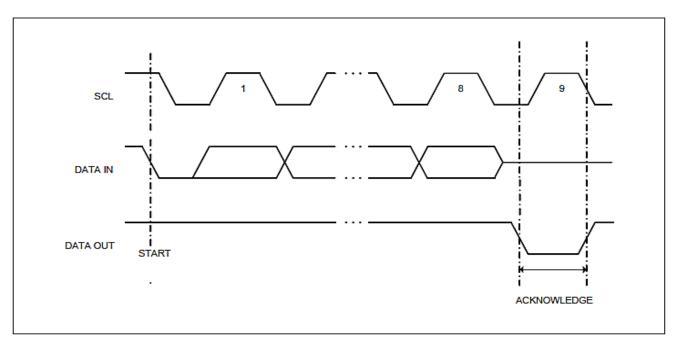


#### Figure 2: Start and Stop Definition





#### Figure 3: Output Acknowledge



### **Device Addressing**

The 32K and 64K EEPROM devices all require an 8-bit device address word following a start condition to enable the chip for a read or write operation (see to Figure 4).

The device address word consists of a mandatory "1", "0" sequence for the first four most significant bits as shown. This is common to all the Serial EEPROM devices.

The next 3 bits are the A2, A1 and A0 device address bits for the 32K/64K EEPROM. These 3 bits must compare to their corresponding hard-wired input pins.

The eighth bit of the device address is the read/write operation select bit. A read operation is initiated if this bit is high and a write operation is initiated if this bit is low.

Upon a compare of the device address, the EEPROM will output a "0". If a compare is not made, the chip will return to a standby state.

**DATA SECURITY:** The EC24C32A /EC24C64A has a hardware data protection scheme that allows the user to write protect the entire memory when the WP pin is at Vcc.

## Write Operations

**BYTE WRITE:** A write operation requires an 8-bit data word address following the device address word and acknowledgment. Upon receipt of this address, the EEPROM will again respond with a "0" and then clock in the first 8-bit data word. Following receipt of the 8-bit data word, the EEPROM will output a "0" and the addressing device, such as a microcontroller, must terminate the write sequence with a stop condition. At this time the EEPROM enters an internally timed write cycle, twR, to the nonvolatile memory. All inputs are disabled during this write cycle and the EEPROM will not respond until the write is complete (see to Figure 5).

#### **PAGE WRITE:** The 32K/64K EEPROM is capable of an 32-byte page write.

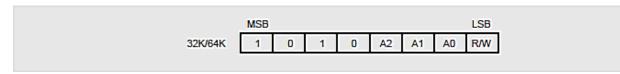
A page write is initiated the same as a byte write, but the microcontroller does not send a stop condition after the first data word is clocked in. Instead, after the EEPROM acknowledges receipt of the first data word, the microcontroller can transmit up to 31 (32K/64K) more data words. The EEPROM will respond with a "0" after each data word received. The microcontroller must terminate the page write sequence with a stop condition (see to Figure 6).



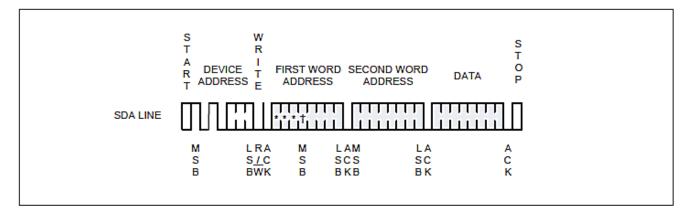
The data word address lower five (32K/64K) bits are internally incremented following the receipt of each data word. The higher data word address bits are not incremented, retaining the memory page row location. When the word address, internally generated, reaches the page boundary, the following byte is placed at the beginning of the same page. If more than 32 (32K/64K) data and previous data will be overwritten. words are transmitted to the EEPROM, the data word address will "roll over" and previous data will be overwritten.

**ACKNOWLEDGE POLLING:** Once the internally timed write cycle has started and the EEPROM inputs are disabled, acknowledge polling can be initiated. This involves sending a start condition followed by the device address word. The read/write bit is representative of the operation desired. Only if the internal write cycle has completed will the EEPROM respond with a "0", allowing the read or write sequence to continue.

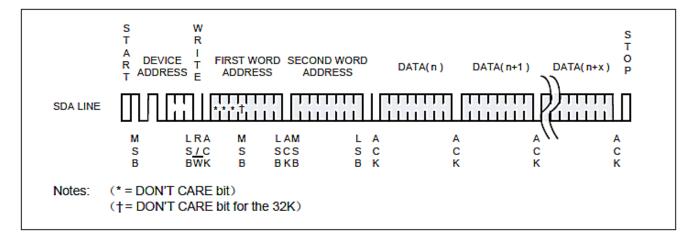
#### Figure 4: Device Address



#### Figure 5: Byte Write



#### Figure 6: Page Write





### **Read Operations**

Read operations are initiated the same way as write operations with the exception that the read/write select bit in the device address word is set to "1". There are three read operations: current address read, random address read and sequential read.

**CURRENT ADDRESS READ:** The internal data word address counter maintains the last address accessed during the last read or write operation, increased by one.

This address stays valid between operations as long as the chip power is maintained. The address "roll over" during read is from the last byte of the last memory page to the first byte of the first page. The address "roll over" during write is from the last byte of the current page to the first byte of the same page.

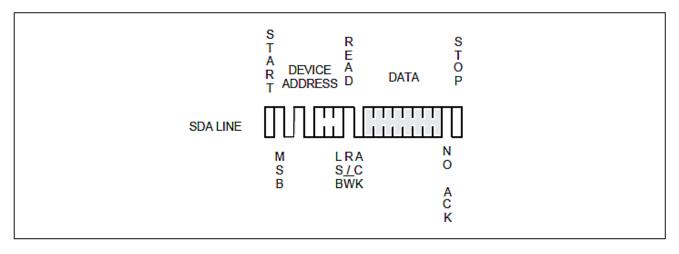
Once the device address with the read/write select bit set to "1" is clocked in and acknowledged by the EEPROM, the current address data word is serially clocked out. The microcontroller does not respond with an input "0" but does generate a following stop condition (see to Figure 7).

**RANDOM READ:** A random read requires a "dummy" byte write sequence to load in the data word address. Once the device address word and data word address are clocked in and acknowledged by the EEPROM, the microcontroller must generate another start condition. The microcontroller now initiates a current address read by sending a device address with the read/write select bit high. The EEPROM acknowledges the device address and serially clocks out the data word. The microcontroller does not respond with a "0" but does generate a following stop condition (see to Figure 8).

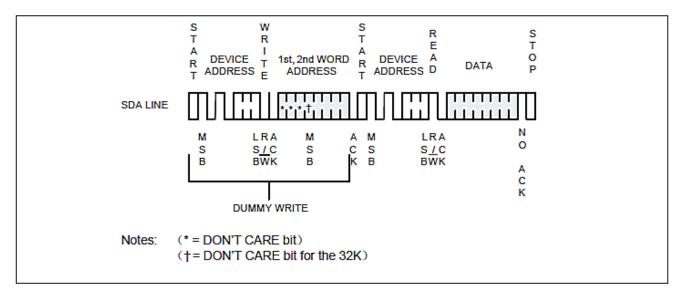
**SEQUENTIAL READ:** Sequential reads are initiated by either a current address read or a random address read. After the microcontroller receives a data word, it responds with an acknowledge. As long as the EEPROM receives an acknowledge, it will continue to increment the data word address and serially clock out sequential data words. When the memory address limit is reached, the data word address will "roll over" and the sequential read will continue. The sequential read operation is terminated when the microcontroller does not respond with a "0" but does generate a following stop condition (see to Figure 9).



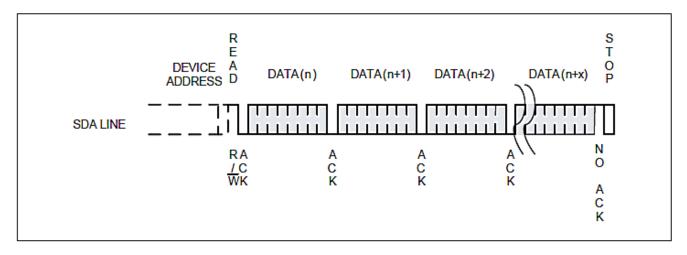
### Figure 7: Current Address Read



#### Figure 8: Random Read



### Figure 9: Sequential Read





### **Electrical Characteristics**

#### Absolute Maximum Stress Ratings

DC Supply Voltage	-0.3V to +6.5V
Input / Output Voltage	
Operating Ambient Temperature	
	-65°C to +150°C
Storage Temperature	

#### Comments

Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to this device. These are stress ratings only. Functional operation of this device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied or intended. Exposure to the absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### **DC Electrical Characteristics**

Applicable over recommended operating range from:  $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+85^{\circ}C$ ,  $V_{CC} = +1.7V$  to +5.5V (unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Supply Voltage	Vcc	1.7		5.5	V	
Supply Current Vcc = 5.0V	ICC1		0.4	1.0	mA	READ at 400 kHz
Supply Current Vcc = 5.0V	CC2		2.0	3.0	mA	WRITE at 400 kHz
Standby Current	SB			3.0	μA	VIN = Vcc or GND
Input Leakage Current	Ц			3.0	μA	VIN = Vcc or GND
Output Leakage Current	LO		0.05	3.0	μA	Vout = Vcc or GND
Input Low Level	VIL1	-0.3		Vcc x 0.3	V	Vcc = 1.8V to 5.5V
Input High Level	VIH1	Vcc x 0.7		Vcc + 0.3	V	Vcc = 1.8V to 5.5V
Input Low Level	VIL2	-0.3		Vcc x 0.2	V	Vcc = 1.7V
Input High Level	VIH2	Vcc x 0.7		Vcc + 0.3	V	Vcc = 1.7V
Output Low Level Vcc = 5.0V	Vol3			0.4	V	lo∟ = 3.0 mA
Output Low Level Vcc=3.0V	Vol2			0.4	V	loL = 2.1 mA
Output Low Level Vcc = 1.7V	Vol1			0.2	V	lo∟ = 0.15 mA

### **Pin Capacitance**

Applicable over recommended operating range from  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , f = 1.0 MHz, Vcc = +1.7V

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Input/Output Capacitance (SDA)	Cı/o	-	-	8	pF	$V_{I/O} = 0V$
Input Capacitance (A0, A1, A2, SCL)	CIN	-	-	6	pF	$V_{IN} = 0V$



## **AC Electrical Characteristics**

Applicable over recommended operating range from  $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+85^{\circ}C$ ,  $V_{CC} = +1.7V$  to +5.5V,  $C_L = 1$  TTL Gate and 100 pF (unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	1.7	V≦Vcc∙	< 2.5V	2.5\	∕≦Vcc ≦	≦5.5V	Units
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Clock Frequency, SCL	fsc∟	-	-	400	-	-	1000	kHz
Clock Pulse Width Low	<b>t</b> LOW	1.2	-	-	0.6	-	-	μs
Clock Pulse Width High	tніgн	0.6	-	-	0.4	I	-	μs
Noise Suppression Time	tı	-	-	50	-	I	40	ns
Clock Low to Data Out Valid	taa	0.05	-	0.9	0.05	I	0.55	μs
Time the bus must be free before a new transmission can start	<b>t</b> BUF	1.2	-	-	0.5	-	-	μs
Start Hold Time	<b>t</b> hd.sta	0.6	-	-	0.25	-	-	μs
Start Setup Time	<b>t</b> su.sta	0.6	-	-	0.25	-	-	μs
Data In Hold Time	<b>t</b> hd.dat	0	-	-	0	-	-	μs
Data In Setup Time	<b>t</b> su.dat	100	-	-	100	-	-	ns
Inputs Rise Time(1)	<b>t</b> R	-	-	0.3	-	I	0.3	μs
Inputs Fall Time(1)	t⊧	-	-	300	-	I	100	ns
Stop Setup Time	<b>t</b> su.sто	0.6	-	-	0.25	-	-	μs
Data Out Hold Time	tdн	50	-	-	50	-	-	ns
Write Cycle Time	<b>t</b> wr	-	1.5	5	-	1.5	5	ms
5.0V, 25°C, Byte Mode	Endurance	1M	-	-	-	-	-	Write Cycles

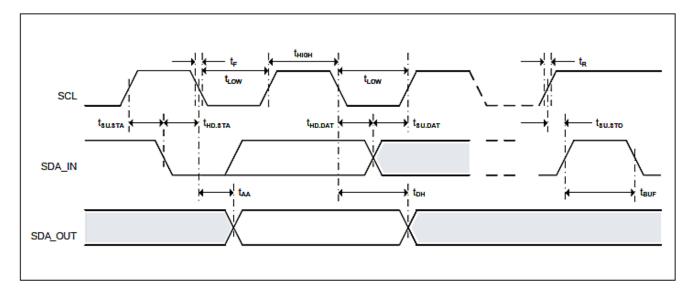
#### Note

- 1. This parameter is characterized and is not 100% tested.
- 2. AC measurement conditions:
  - RL (connects to Vcc):  $1.3k\Omega$  (2.5V, 5V),  $10k\Omega$  (1.7V)
  - Input pulse voltages: 0.3 x Vcc to 0.7 x Vcc
  - Input rise and fall time:  $\leq$  50 ns
  - Input and output timing reference voltages: 0.5 x Vcc
  - The value of RL should be concerned according to the actual loading on the user's system.



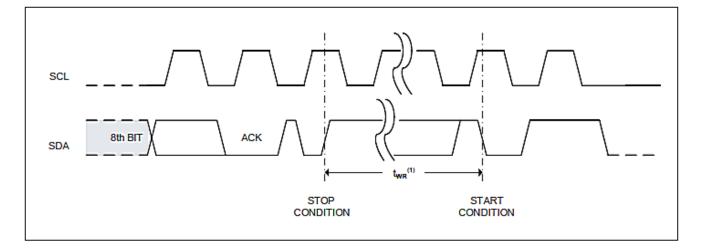
# **Bus Timing**

Figure 10: SCL: Serial Clock, SDA: Serial Data I/O



# Write Cycle Timing

Figure 11: SCL: Serial Clock, SDA: Serial Data I/O



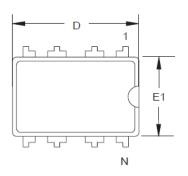
#### Note

1. The write cycle time twR is the time from a valid stop condition of a write sequence to the end of the internal clear/write cycle.

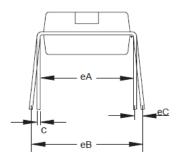


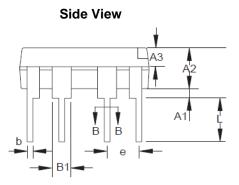
### Mechanical Dimensions OUTLINE DRAWING PDIP - 8 Available package types : EC24C32A/64A

#### **Top View**



#### **End View**

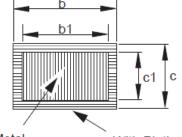




### COMMON DIMENSIONS (Unit of Measure = mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	MAX		
A	3.60	4.00		
A1	0.51	-		
A2	3.10	3.50		
A3	1.50	1.70		
b	0.44	0.53		
b1	0.43	0.48		
В	1.52 BSC			
С	0.25	0.31		
c1	0.24	0.26		
D	9.05	9.45		
E1	6.15	6.55		
е	2.54	BSC		
eA	7.62 BSC			
eB	7.62	9.50		
eC	0	0.94		
L	3.00	-		

Section B - B



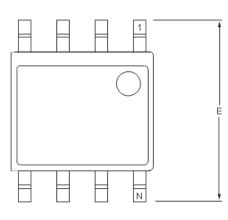
Base Metal

With Plating

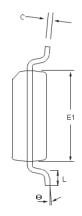


### Mechanical Dimensions OUTLINE DRAWING SOP - 8 Available package types : EC24C32A/64A

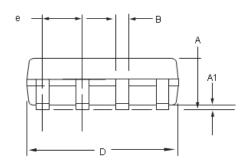
### **Top View**



#### **End View**



#### Side View



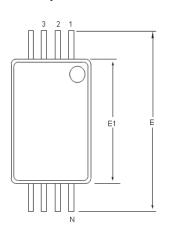
#### COMMON DIMENSIONS (Unit of Measure = mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	MAX
А	1.35	1.75
A1	0.10	0.25
В	0.31	0.51
С	0.17	0.25
D	4.70	5.10
E1	3.80	4.00
E	5.79	6.20
e	1.27	BSC
L	0.40	1.27
θ	0°	8°

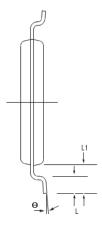


### Mechanical Dimensions OUTLINE DRAWING TSSOP - 8 Available package types : EC24C32A/64A

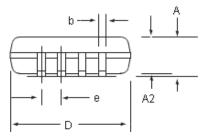
#### **Top View**



**End View** 



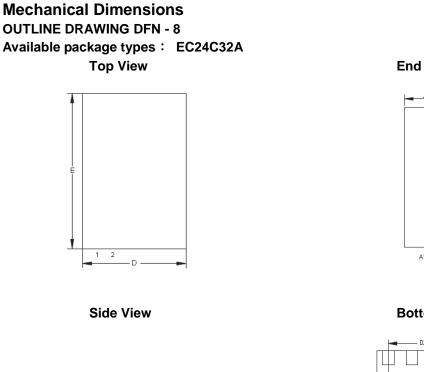
Side View

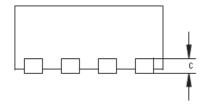


COMMON DIMENSIONS (Unit of Measure = mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	МАХ		
D	2.80	3.20		
E	6.20	6.60		
E1	4.20	4.60		
А	-	1.20		
A2	0.80	1.15		
b	0.19	0.30		
е	0.65 BSC			
L	0.45	0.75		
L1	1.00 BSC			
θ	0° 8°			







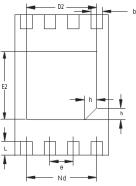
#### COMMON DIMENSIONS (Unit of Measure = mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	MAX
А	0.70	0.80
A1	-	0.05
b	0.18	0.30
С	0.18	0.25
D	1.90	2.10
D2	1.50 REF	
е	0.50 BSC	
Nd	1.50 BSC	
E	2.90	3.10
E2	1.60 BSC	
L	0.30	0.50
h	0.20	0.30

## End View



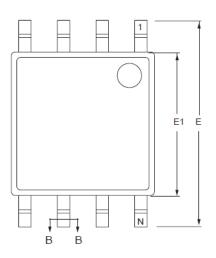
**Bottom View** 



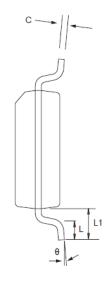


### Mechanical Dimensions OUTLINE DRAWING MSOP - 8 Available package types : EC24C32A/64A

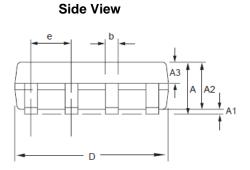
#### **Top View**



#### **End View**



COMMON DIMENSIONS (Unit of Measure = mm)



#### Section B -B

