

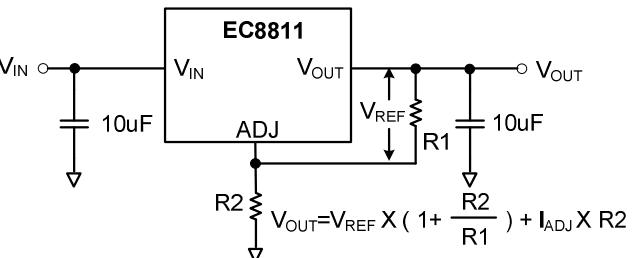
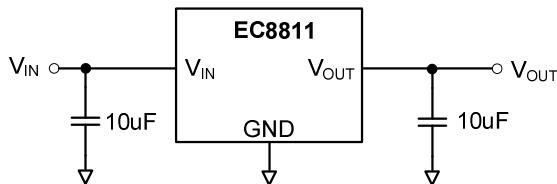
## Features

- **Operating Voltage Range : +2.3V to +7.0V**
- **Output Voltages : +1.0V to +5.0V (0.1V Step) (Fixed), +1.25V to +5.0V (ADJ Type)**
- **Maximum Output Current : 1A**
- **Dropout Voltage : 700mV @ 1000mA (Fixed)**
- **Fast Response in Power-on (Fixed Voltage Only)**
- **Low Current Consumption : 60 $\mu$ A (Typ.)**
- **$\pm 2\%$  Output Voltage Accuracy (special  $\pm 1\%$  highly accurate),  $V_{OUT} \geq 1.8V$**
- **Low ESR Capacitor Compatible**
- **High Ripple Rejection : 55 dB (Typ.)**
- **Output Current Limit Protection : 1.3A (Typ.)**
- **Short Circuit Protection : 600mA (Typ.)**
- **Thermal Overload Shutdown Protection**
- **SOT-223, TO-252, TO-263 Packages**
- **RoHS Compliant and 100% Lead (Pb)-Free and Green (Halogen Free with Commercial Standard)**

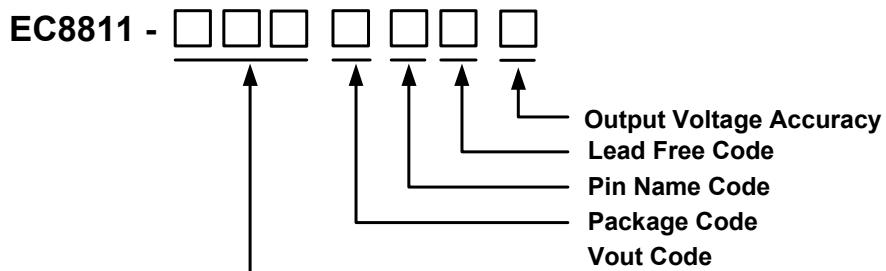
## Applications

- Active SCSI Terminators
- High Efficiency Linear Regulators
- Monitor Microprocessors
- Low Voltage Micro-Controllers
- Post Regulator for Switching Power

## Simplified Application Circuit



## Ordering Information



### Vout Code :

**10=1.0V, 12=1.2V, 18=1.8V, 25=2.5V, 33=3.3V, ADJ=ADJ**

<b>Package Code :</b>	SOT-223 = <b>B7</b>	TO-252 = <b>A4</b>	TO-263 = <b>A8</b>
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<b>Pin Name Code :</b>	SOT-223 = <b>J ' G ' X</b>	TO-252 = <b>P ' R</b>	TO-263 = <b>U</b>
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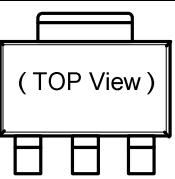
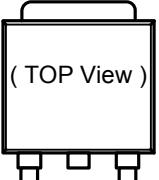
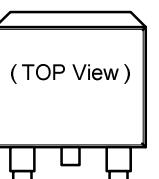
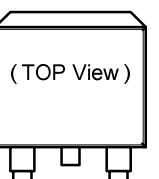
**Lead Free Code : G : Green (Halogen Free with Commercial Standard)**

### Output Voltage Accuracy :

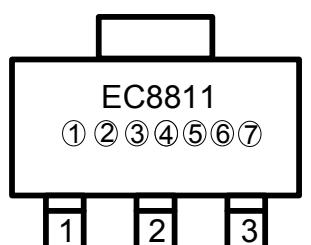
<b>1</b> : $\pm 1\%$	<b>2</b> : $\pm 2\%$
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Note : \* The difference between "J", "G" & "X" type and "P" & "R" type, please refer to "Pin Description".

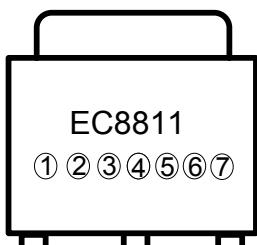
## Pin Description

Part NO.	Pin			<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Pin Description</b>
	<b>J</b>	<b>G</b>	<b>X</b>		
 <b>(TOP View)</b> <b>SOT-223</b>	3	1	3	$V_{IN}$	Regulator Input Pin.
	1	2	2	GND/ADJ	Ground Pin or ADJ Terminal Pin.
	2	3	1	$V_{OUT}$	Regulator Output Pin.
 <b>(TOP View)</b> <b>TO-252</b>	Pin			<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Pin Description</b>
	<b>P</b>		<b>R</b>		
	1	3		$V_{IN}$	Regulator Input Pin.
 <b>(TOP View)</b> <b>TO-263</b>	2	1		GND/ADJ	Ground Pin.
	3	2		$V_{OUT}$	Regulator Output Pin.
	Pin			<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Pin Description</b>
	<b>U</b>				
 <b>(TOP View)</b> <b>TO-263</b>	3			$V_{IN}$	Regulator Input Pin.
	1			GND/ADJ	Ground Pin.
	2			$V_{OUT}$	Regulator Output Pin.

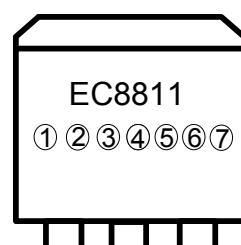
### Package Marking Information



SOT-223  
(Top View)



TO-252  
(Top View)



TO-263  
(Top View)

#### Top Point Represents Products Series

Mark	Products Series
Top Point	Part No. : EC8811

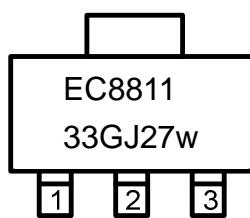
#### ①、②、③、④、⑤ Represents Products Series

Mark	Description
①、②	Voltage
③	F, G
④	J, G, X, P, R,U
⑤	Accuracy

#### ⑥、⑦ Represents Production Date Code

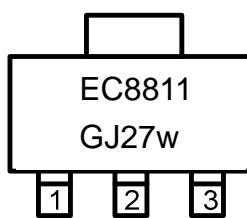
⑥	Year	16 bit code '08 = 8' 09 = 9' 10 = A'
		11 = B' 12 = C....16 = G
⑦	weekly	1 ~ 26 = A ~ Z ' 27 ~ 52 = a ~ z

#### Example :



SOT-223  
(Top View)

Part No.: EC8811-33B7JG2  
1% Output Voltage Accuracy  
Date Code: 7w  
2007/49th week  
Green Package



SOT-223  
(Top View)

Part No.: EC8811-ADJB7JG2  
Date Code: 7w  
2007/49th week  
Green Package

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Units
Input Voltage $V_{IN}$ to GND	$V_{IN}$	9.0	V
Output Current Limit, $I_{(LIMIT)}$	$I_{OUT}$	1.3	A
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+155	°C
Thermal Resistance	SOT-223	$\theta_{JA}$	155 °C/W
	TO-252		90 °C/W
	SOT-263		30 °C/W
	SOT-223	$\theta_{JC}$	16 °C/W
	TO-252		11 °C/W
	SOT-263		6.5 °C/W
Power Dissipation	SOT-223	$P_D$	900 mW
	TO-252		1200 mW
	SOT-263		3300 mW
Operating Ambient Temperature	$T_{OPR}$	-40 ~ +85	°C
Storage Temperature	$T_{STG}$	-55 ~ +150	°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)		+260	°C

Note :

\* The power dissipation values are based on the condition that junction temperature  $T_J$  and ambient temperature  $T_A$  difference is 100°C.

\* Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and function operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## Electrical Characteristics

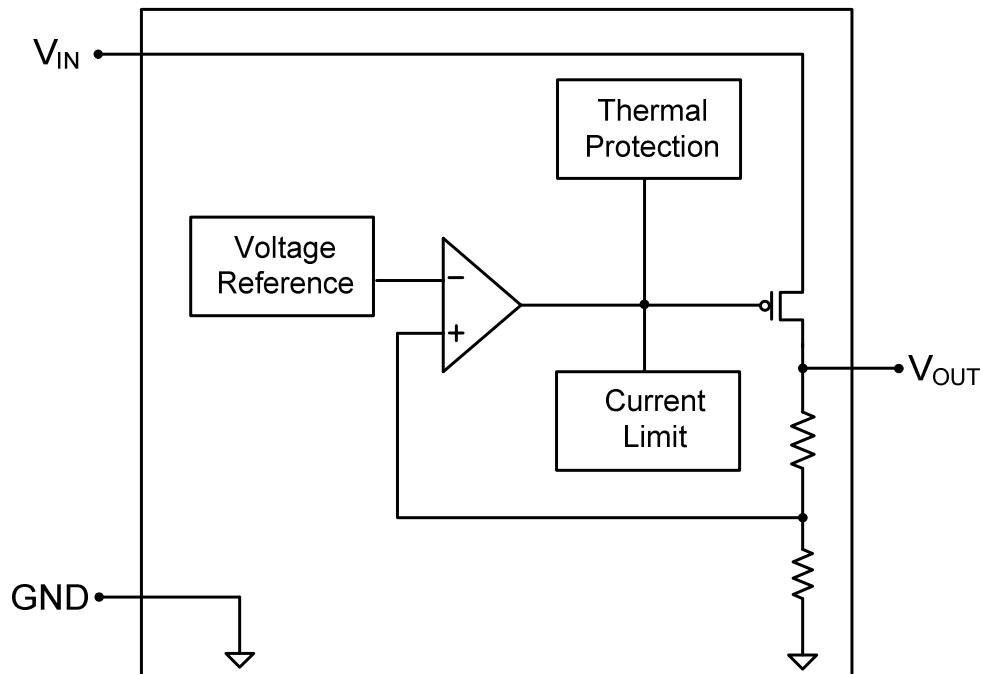
( $V_{IN}=5V$ ,  $T_A=25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{IN}$	Input Voltage			2.3		7.0	V
$V_{OUT}$	Output Voltage	Fixed Voltage Type	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT}+1.0V$ , $I_{OUT}=1mA$ , $V_{OUT} \geq 1.8V$	-1% -2%	$V_{OUT}$	+1% +2%	V
			$V_{IN} = V_{OUT}+1.0V$ , $I_{OUT}=1mA$ , $V_{OUT} < 1.8V$ , $V_{IN} > 2.4V$	-35		+35	mV
		Adjustable Voltage Type	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT}+1.2V$ , $I_{OUT}=1mA$ , $V_{OUT} \geq 1.8V$	-1% -2%	$V_{OUT}$	-1% -2%	V
			$V_{IN} = V_{OUT}+1.2V$ , $I_{OUT}=1mA$ , $V_{OUT} < 1.8V$ , $V_{IN} > 2.4V$	-50		+50	mV
$I_{MAX}$	Output Current (see note *1)			1.0			A
$I_{LIMIT}$	Current Limit				1.3		A
$V_{DROP}$	Dropout Voltage ( For Fixed Voltage)	$I_{OUT}=100mA$ , $V_{OUT} > 3.0V$			50		mV
		$I_{OUT}=500mA$ , $V_{OUT} > 3.0V$			300		mV
		$I_{OUT}=1000mA$ , $V_{OUT} > 3.0V$			700		mV
	Dropout Voltage ( For ADJ Voltage)	$I_{OUT}=1000mA$ , $V_{OUT} > 3.0V$			1100		mV
$\Delta V_{LINE}$	Line Regulation	$V_{OUT}+1.0V \leq V_{IN} \leq 7.0V$ , $I_{OUT}=1mA$ For Fixed Voltage Type			0.2	0.3	%/V
		$V_{OUT}+1.2V \leq V_{IN} \leq 7.0V$ , $I_{OUT}=1mA$ , $V_{IN} \geq 2.8V$ For Adjustable Voltage Type				0.2	%/V
$\Delta V_{LOAD}$	Load Regulation	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+1V$ , $1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 100mA$		0.01	0.02		%/mA
$I_Q$	Ground Pin Current	$I_{LOAD}=0mA$ to $1A$ , $V_{IN} = V_{OUT}+1.0V$		60			$\mu A$
$I_{ADJ}$	ADJ Pin Current	$I_{LOAD}=0mA$ to $1A$ , $V_{IN} = V_{OUT}+1.0V$		60			$\mu A$
$I_{SC}$	Short Circuit Current			600			mA
PSRR	Ripple Rejection	$I_{OUT}=30mA$ , $F=1KHz$ , $C_{OUT}=10\mu F$		55			dB
$e_N$	Output Noise	$I_{OUT}=100mA$ , $F=1KHz$ , $C_{OUT}=10\mu F$		40			$\mu V_{(rms)}$
$T_{SD}$	Thermal Shutdown Temperature			155			°C
$T_{HYS}$	Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis			20			°C

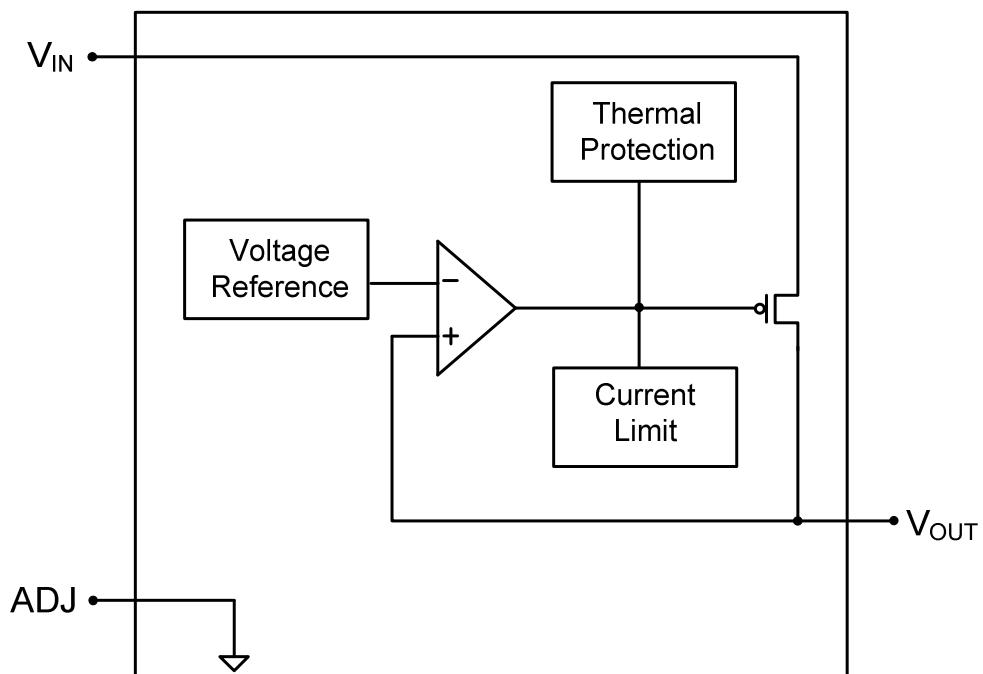
Note :

\*1) Measured using a double sided board with 1" x 2" square inches of copper area connected to the GND pins for "heat spreading".

## EC8811 Function Block Diagram



**Fixed Voltage Type**



**Adjustable Voltage Type**

## Detail Description

The EC8811 is a low-dropout linear regulator. The device provides preset 1.8V, 2.5V and 3.3V output voltages for output current up to 1.0A. Adjustable output voltage and other mask options for special output voltages are also available. As illustrated in function block diagram, it consists of a 1.25V bandgap (Fixed voltage type is 0.95V) reference, an error amplifier, a P-channel pass transistor and an internal feedback voltage divider.

The bandgap reference voltage is connected to the error amplifier, which compares this reference with the feedback voltage and amplifies the voltage difference. If the feedback voltage is lower than the reference voltage, the pass-transistor gate is pulled lower, which allows more current to pass to the output pin and increases the output voltage. If the feedback voltage is too high, the pass transistor gate is pulled up to decrease the output voltage.

The output voltage is feed back through an internal resistive divider (or external resistive divider for adjustable output voltage type) connected to OUT pin. Additional blocks include an output current limiter, thermal sensor, and shutdown logic.

### Internal P-channel Pass Transistor

The EC8811 features a P-channel MOSFET pass transistor. Unlike similar designs using PNP pass transistors, P-channel MOSFETs require no base drive, which reduces quiescent current. PNP-based regulators also waste considerable current in dropout when the pass transistor saturates, and use high base-drive currents under large loads. The EC8811 does not suffer from these problems and consumes only 60 $\mu$ A (Typ.) of current consumption under heavy loads as well as in dropout conditions.

### Output Voltage Selection

For fixed voltage type of EC8811, the output voltage is preset at an internally trimmed voltage. The first two digits of part number suffix identify the output voltage (see Ordering Information). For example, the EC8811-33 has a preset 3.3V output voltage.

For adjustable voltage type of EC8811, the output voltage is set by comparing the feedback voltage at adjust terminal to the internal bandgap reference voltage. The reference voltage  $V_{REF}$  is 1.25V. The output voltage is given by the equation:

$$V_{OUT} = V_{REF} \times \left( 1 + \frac{R2}{R1} \right) + I_{ADJ} \times R2$$

(See Typical Application Schematic.)

### Current Limit

The EC8811 also includes a fold back current limiter. It monitors and controls the pass transistor's gate voltage, estimates the output current, and limits the output current within 1.3A (Typ.).

### Thermal Overload Protection

Thermal overload protection limits total power dissipation in the EC8811. When the junction temperature exceeds  $T_J = +150^\circ\text{C}$ , a thermal sensor turns off the pass transistor, allowing the IC to cool down. The thermal sensor turns the pass transistor on again after the junction temperature cools down by 20°C, resulting in a pulsed output during continuous thermal overload conditions.

Thermal overload protection is designed to protect the EC8811 in the event of fault conditions. For continuous operation, the absolute maximum operating junction temperature rating of  $T_J = +125^\circ\text{C}$  should not be exceeded.

### Operating Region and Power Dissipation

Maximum power dissipation of the EC8811 depends on the thermal resistance of the case and circuit board, the temperature difference between the die junction and ambient air, and the rate of airflow. The power dissipation across the devices is  $P = I_{OUT} \times (V_{IN} - V_{OUT})$ . The resulting maximum power dissipation is:

$$P_{MAX} = \frac{(T_J - T_A)}{\theta_{JC} + \theta_{CA}} = \frac{(T_J - T_A)}{\theta_A}$$

Where  $(T_J - T_A)$  is the temperature difference between the EC8811 die junction and the surrounding air,  $\theta_{JC}$  is the thermal resistance of the package chosen, and  $\theta_{CA}$  is the thermal resistance through the printed circuit board, copper traces and other materials to the surrounding air. For better heat-sinking, the copper area should be equally shared between the IN, OUT, and GND pins.

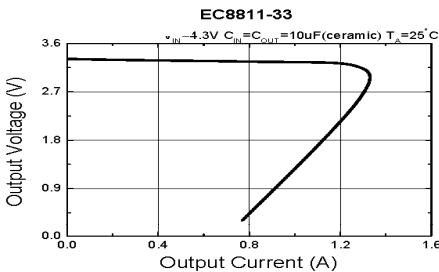
### Dropout Voltage

A regulator's minimum input-output voltage differential, or dropout voltage, determines the lowest usable supply voltage. In battery-powered systems, this will determine the useful end-of-life battery voltage. The EC8811 use a P-channel MOSFET pass transistor, its dropout voltage is a function of drain-to-source on-resistance  $R_{DS(ON)}$  multiplied by the load current.

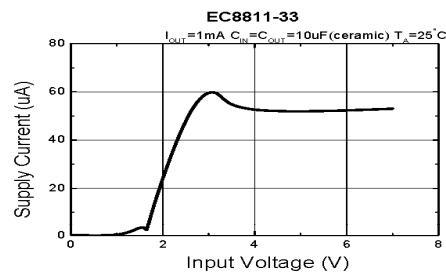
$$V_{DROPOUT} = V_{IN} - V_{OUT} = R_{DS(ON)} \times I_{OUT}$$

## Typical Operating Characteristics

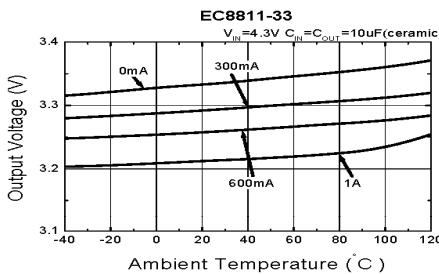
**(1) Output Voltage vs. Output Current**



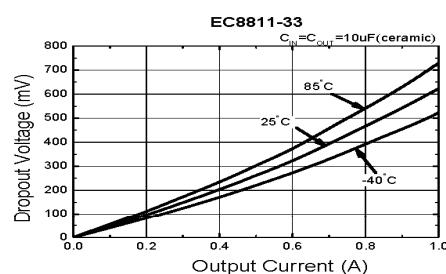
**(2) Supply Current vs. Input Voltage**



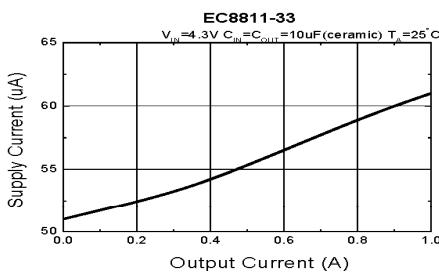
**(3) Output Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature**



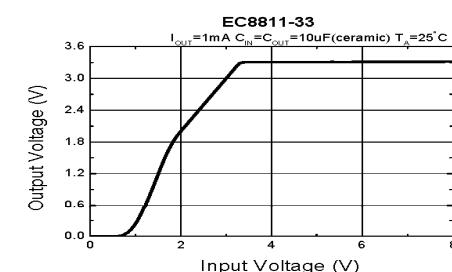
**(4) Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current**

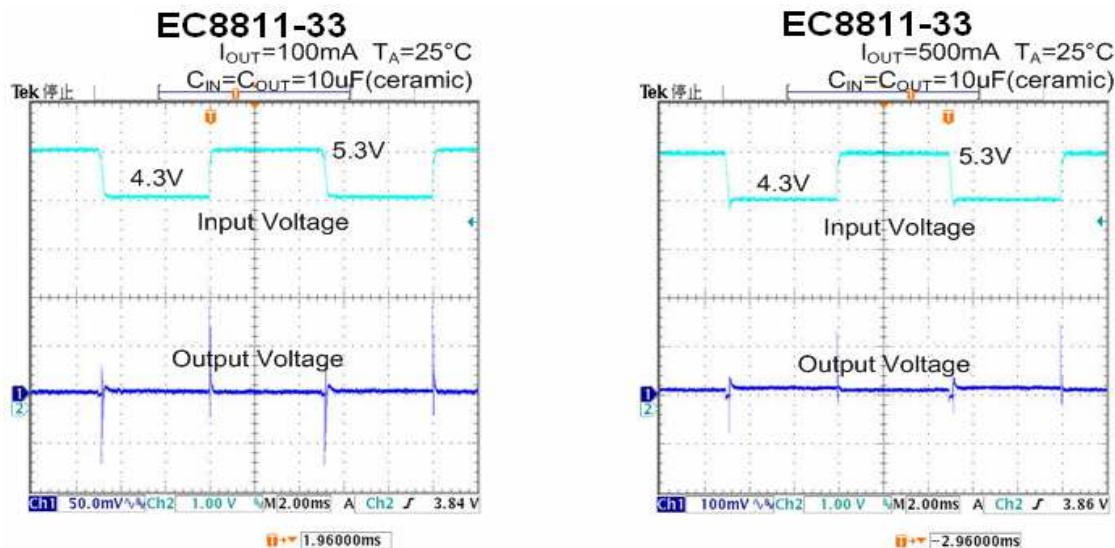
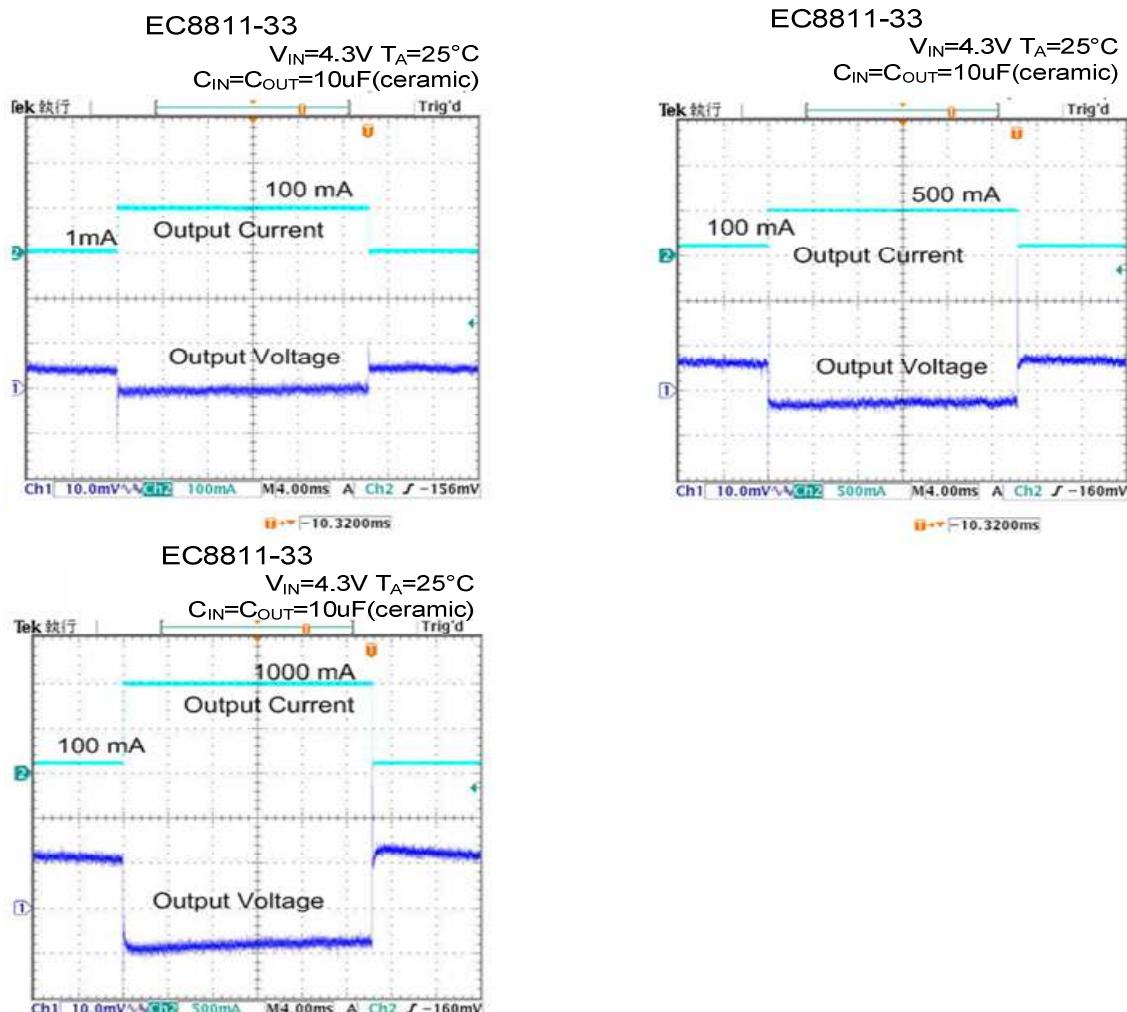


**(5) Supply Current vs. Output Current**



**(6) Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage**



**(7) Input Transient Response**

**(8) Load Transient Response**


**(9) Power Supply Rejection Ratio**

EC8811-33

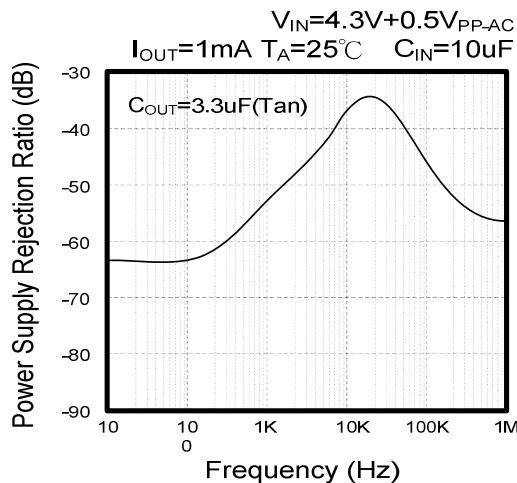
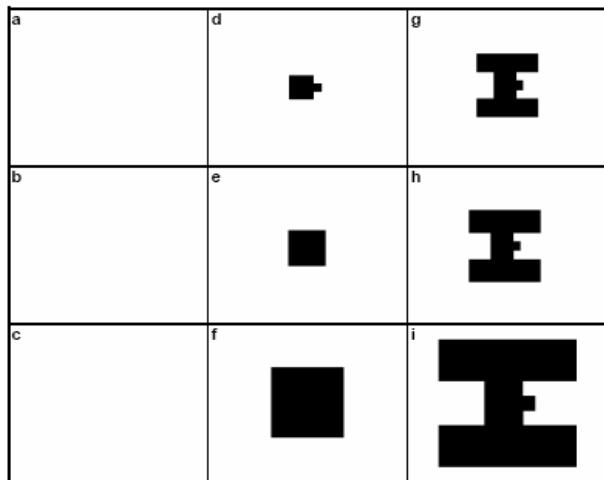
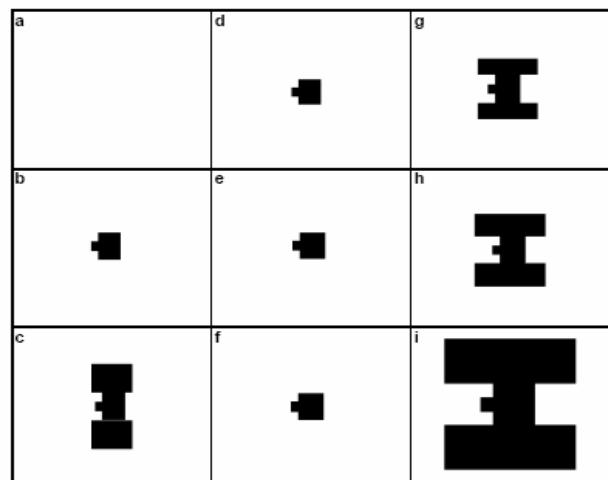

**Application Note**

 Table 1.  $\theta_{JA}$  Different Heatsink Area

Layout	Copper Area		Thermal Resistance	
	Top Side ( $in^2$ )	Bottom Side ( $in^2$ )	SOT-223 ( $\theta_{JA}$ , $^\circ C/W$ )	TO-252 ( $\theta_{JA}$ , $^\circ C/W$ )
a	0	0	140	106
b	0	0.070	127	91
c	0	0.310	84	64
d	0.067	0.067	125	89
e	0.200	0.080	118	87
f	0.600	0.080	89	63
g	0.285	0.285	92	64
h	0.393	0.393	78	58
i	0.500	0.500	73	55



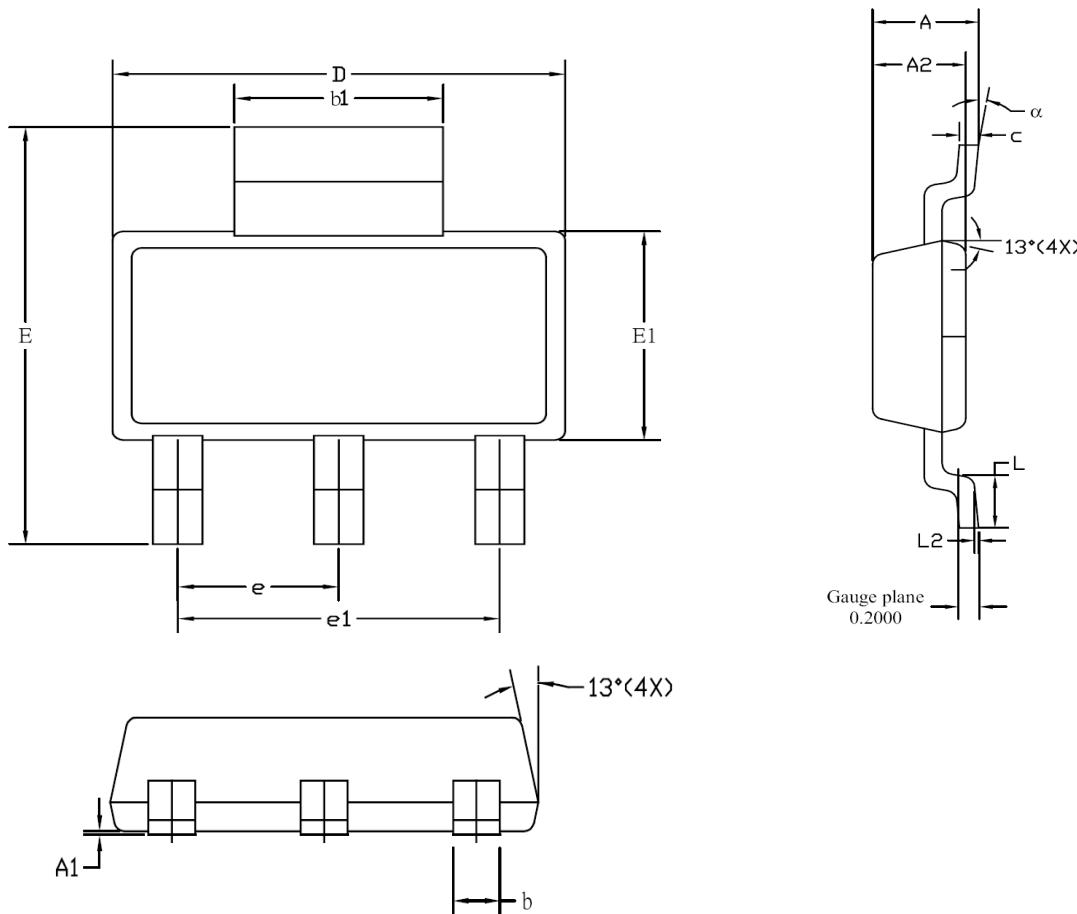
Top View of the PCB layout in real size.



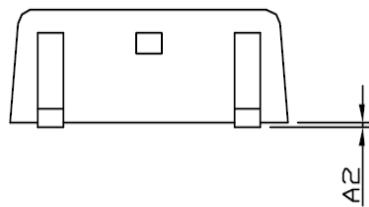
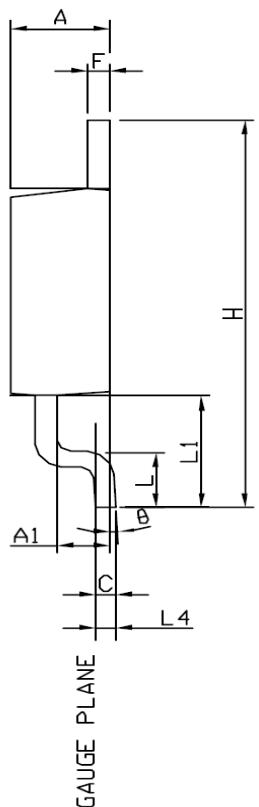
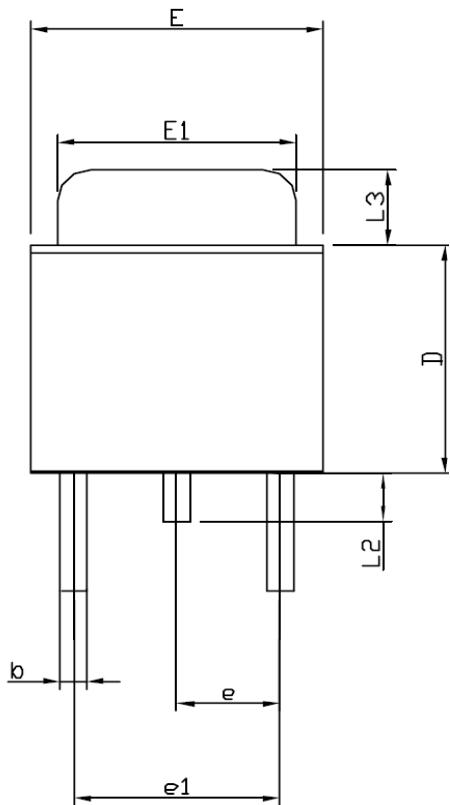
Bottom View of the PCB layout in real size.

## Package Outline

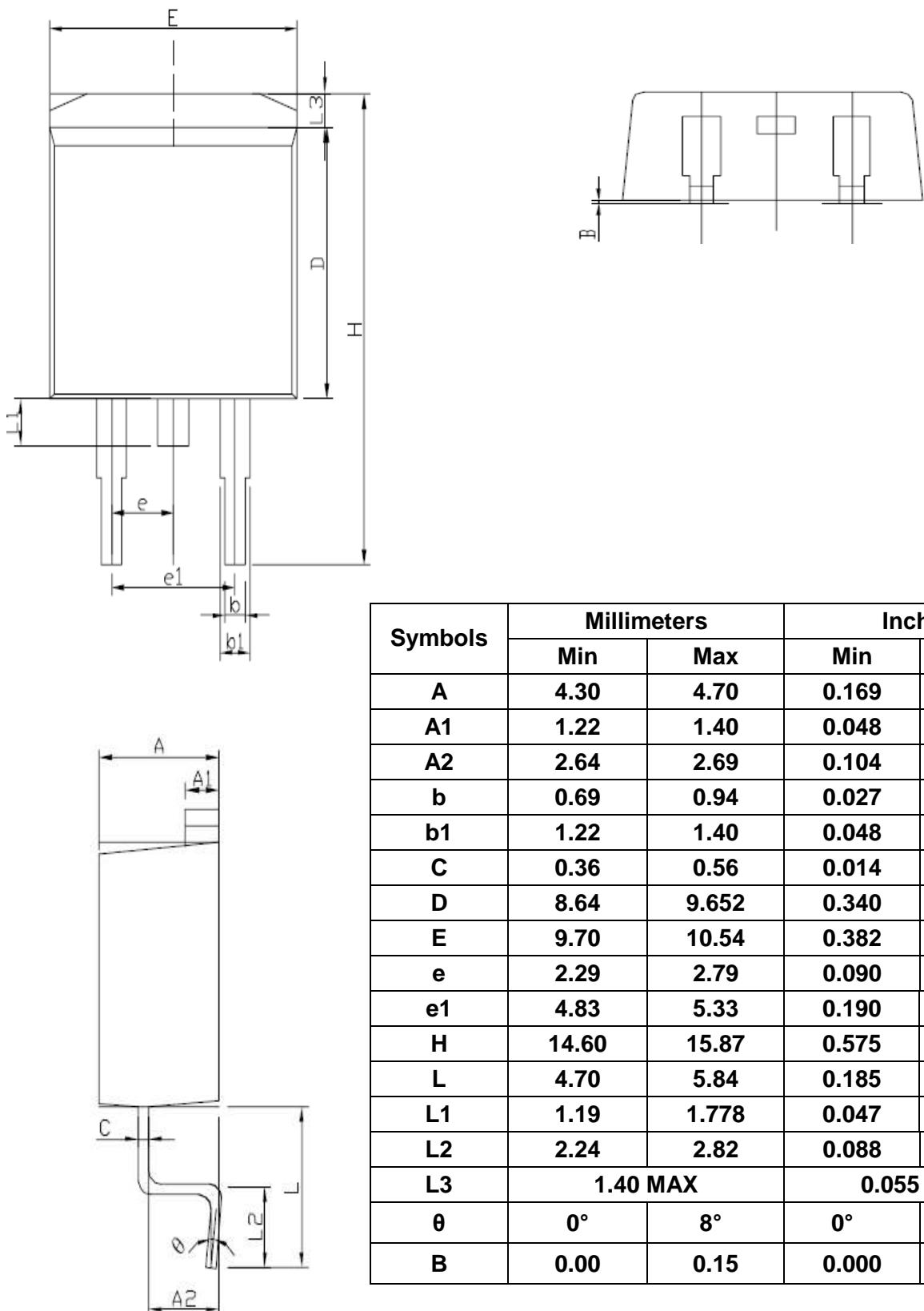
### A) SOT-223



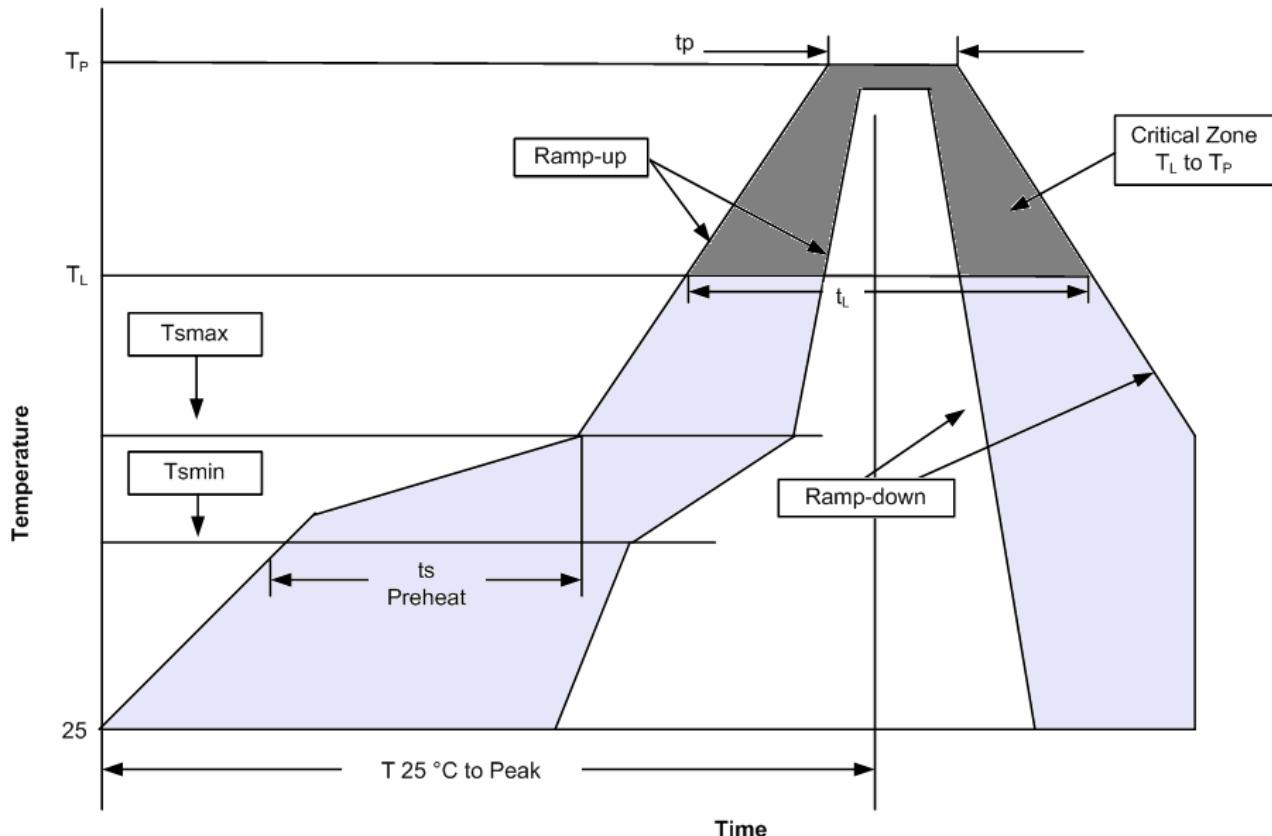
Symbols	Millimeters		Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
<b>A</b>	<b>1.52</b>	<b>1.80</b>	<b>0.061</b>	<b>0.071</b>
<b>A1</b>	<b>0.02</b>	<b>0.10</b>	<b>0.0008</b>	<b>0.0040</b>
<b>A2</b>	<b>1.50</b>	<b>1.70</b>	<b>0.059</b>	<b>0.067</b>
<b>b</b>	<b>0.60</b>	<b>0.80</b>	<b>0.024</b>	<b>0.031</b>
<b>b1</b>	<b>2.90</b>	<b>3.10</b>	<b>0.114</b>	<b>0.122</b>
<b>C</b>	<b>0.24</b>	<b>0.32</b>	<b>0.009</b>	<b>0.013</b>
<b>D</b>	<b>6.30</b>	<b>6.80</b>	<b>0.248</b>	<b>0.268</b>
<b>E1</b>	<b>3.30</b>	<b>3.70</b>	<b>0.130</b>	<b>0.146</b>
<b>e</b>	<b>2.30 BSC</b>		<b>0.090 BSC</b>	
<b>e1</b>	<b>4.60 BSC</b>		<b>0.181 BSC</b>	
<b>E</b>	<b>6.70</b>	<b>7.30</b>	<b>0.264</b>	<b>0.287</b>
<b>L</b>	<b>0.90 MIN</b>		<b>0.036 MIN</b>	
<b>L2</b>	<b>0.06 BSC</b>		<b>0.0024 BSC</b>	
<b>α</b>	<b>0°</b>	<b>10°</b>	<b>0°</b>	<b>10°</b>

**B) TO-252**


Symbols	Millimeters		Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	2.19	2.38	0.086	0.094
A1	0.89	1.27	0.035	0.050
A2	0.00	0.13	0.000	0.005
b	0.51	0.89	0.020	0.035
C	0.46	0.58	0.018	0.023
D	5.97	6.22	0.235	0.245
E	6.35	6.73	0.250	0.265
E1	5.21	5.46	0.205	0.215
e	2.28 BSC		0.090 BSC	
e1	3.96	5.18	0.156	0.204
F	0.46	0.58	0.018	0.023
L	1.40	1.78	0.055	0.070
L1	2.67 (REF.)		0.105 (REF.)	
L2	0.64	1.02	0.025	0.040
L3	1.52	2.03	0.060	0.080
L4	0.51 BSC		0.020 BSC	
H	9.40	10.40	0.370	0.410
$\theta$	0°	8°	0°	8°

**C) TO-263**


### Reflow Condition (IR/Convection or VPR Reflow)



### Classification Reflow Profiles

Profile Feature	Pb-Free / Green Assembly
Average ramp-up rate ( $T_L$ to $T_P$ )	3°C/second max
Preheat - Temperature Min ( $T_{smin}$ ) - Temperature Max ( $T_{smax}$ ) - Time (min to max) ( $t_s$ )	150°C 200°C 60-180 seconds
Time maintained above: - Temperature ( $T_L$ ) - Time ( $t_L$ )	217°C 60-150 seconds
Peak/Classification Temperature ( $T_p$ )	See table 1
Time within 5°C of actual Peak Temperature ( $t_p$ )	20-40 seconds
Ramp-down Rate	6°C/second max
Time 25°C to Peak Temperature	8 minutes max

Notes :

- 1) All temperatures refer to topside of the package.
- 2) Measured on the body surface.

## Classification Reflow Profiles (Continued)

2.0Table 1. Pb-free / Green Process – Package Classification Reflow Temperatures

<b>Package Thickness</b>	<b>Volume mm<sup>3</sup></b>	<b>Volume mm<sup>3</sup></b>	<b>Volume mm<sup>3</sup></b>
	<b>&lt;350</b>	<b>350~2000</b>	<b>≥2000</b>
<2.5 mm	260 +0°C*	260 +0°C*	260 +0°C*
1.6-2.5 mm	260 +0°C*	250 +0°C*	245 +0°C*
≥2.5 mm	250 +0°C*	245 +0°C*	245 +0°C*

Notes :

\* Tolerance: The device manufacturer/supplier shall assure process compatibility up to and including the stated classification temperature (this means Peak reflow temperature +0°C. For example 260°C+0°C) at the rated MSL level.